

Bu proje Avrupa Birliği ve Türkiye Cumhuriyeti tarafından finanse edilmektedir.

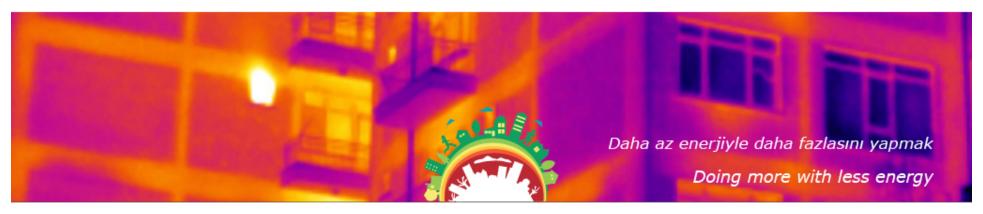
This project is co-financed by the European Union and the Republic of Turkey

Binalarda Enerji Verimliliğinin Artırılması için Teknik Yardım Projesi

Technical Assistance for Improving Energy Efficiency in Buildings Project

Improving Energy Efficiency in Buildings Fiscal & Financial Issues

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Rational for Financial and Fiscal Measures

- Energy Efficiency improvements do not happen by themselves
- Energy Efficiency is achieved through the implementation of adequate technologies, which produce measurable energy savings
- Implementing new technologies costs money
 - regardless of the sector





Aim of the Current Project Phase

- Identify and map the financial and fiscal measures in place across the European Union and in Turkey
- Clarify and categorize the types of support available in the residential sector and in the public sector
- Identify best practise, based on results achieved
- Evaluate the suitability of individual measures and their effect if they were applied in Turkey
- Identify potential barriers to and accelerators for applying these measures in Turkey





Viable Fiscal and Financial Measures

Residential Buildings

- Low-cost loans
- Grants
- Loan guarantee schemes
- Vendor Financing
- Certification schemes (similar to carbon credit trading)
- Loan guarantees
- Tax reduction / incentives

Public Buildings

- Budget finance
- Loans from public & private sector banks
- Dedicated (revolving) funds
- PPPs
- Energy Performance Contracts & ESCOs





Case Example - Italy

- Measures and saving targets included in the NEEAP 2014 for the residential sector:
 - Implementation of regulation standards (new EPBD standard and Eco Design Directive): 1.60 Mtoe/y
 - Thermal Account: 0.54 Mtoe/y
 - Tax Deductions (55%): 1.38 Mtoe/y
 - White Certificates: 0.15 Mtoe/y
 - Revolving fund for public sector investments in energy efficiency





Case Example - Netherlands

- Public Buildings: Energy Savings Advice
 - Results >3%
 - Financing through ESCO models
 - Subsidies for Social Housing
- Other measures:
 - Energy Tax
 - Energy Investment Allowance
 - Long-Term agreements
 - Green investment and finance (Random depreciation of Environmental Investments
 - Green Deal





Case Example - Denmark

- Horizontal measure
 - Energy Efficiency Obligation schemes
 - Metering & billing
 - Consumer information and trainings
 - Financing through: government funds and loans to municipalities
- Building sector
 - Subsidies from energy companies
 - Tax relief
 - Low cost loans





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THANK YOU







